



Rules and Regulations

Commuter Benefits Ordinance (SF Environment Code Section 427)

Rule No. SFE13-01-CBO

Summary

San Francisco's Commuter Benefits Ordinance (SF Environment Code Section 427) requires that all covered employers offer to their covered employees at least one of the following commuter benefits options (also referred to as "transportation benefit programs"):

1. A payroll-deduction program allowing employees to pay for transit passes or vanpool charges using pre-tax dollars;
2. An employer-paid public transit pass or reimbursement for equivalent vanpool charges, in an amount not to exceed the current price of a San Francisco MUNI Fast Pass 'A'; or
3. Free transportation on a company-funded bus or van between the employee's home and place of business.

A "covered employer" is defined as an employer for which an average of twenty (20) or more persons per week perform work for compensation on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis, including those who perform work outside of San Francisco.

A "covered employee" is any person who:

1. Qualifies as an employee entitled to payment of minimum wage from the employer under the California minimum wage law, or who is a participant in a Welfare-to-Work Program; or
2. Performed on average at least ten (10) hours of work per week for compensation for the employer within San Francisco within the previous calendar month,

A covered employer who fails to offer at least one of the required commuter benefit options to its covered employees as described above may face administrative fines or criminal penalties.

Under the Ordinance, the San Francisco Department of the Environment ("SFE") is responsible for promulgating rules, regulations and forms implementing the Commuter Benefits Ordinance, and for enforcement of its provisions. The SFE has the authority to investigate and monitor compliance with the Ordinance and to seek penalties for its violation.

SFE Director, or his or her designee, and other City employees and agents or designees authorized to assist in the administration and enforcement of the requirements of this Ordinance shall have the right to: inspect employment sites; access workers and other witnesses; and audit employer records as reasonably necessary to determine compliance with the Ordinance, including, but not limited to, audits of payroll records and employee paychecks.

Administrative Complaint Procedure

I. Investigation

SFE will follow this procedure when it receives a complaint that an employer has violated the Commuter Benefits Ordinance.

- A. The SFE Director, or his or her designee, shall have sole authority over the administration of the complaint procedure. This procedure shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
 1. Any person may file a complaint alleging one or more violations of this Ordinance;
 2. Before beginning to investigate the complaint, the SFE Director, or his or her designee, shall determine if the allegations of the complaint are sufficient on their face to constitute a potential violation, and, based on that assessment, shall either reject the complaint or proceed with an investigation;
 3. If the SFE Director, or his or her designee, determine at any time that the allegations contained in the complaint are without merit, the SFE Director, or his or her designee, shall reject the complaint and notify the complainant; and
 4. If, after investigation, the SFE Director, or his or her designee, finds that any allegations in the complaint have merit, they may proceed with the next steps of the complaint process.

- B. Nothing in this complaint procedure shall preclude the SFE Director, or his or her designee, from initiating or proceeding with an investigation on its own authority.

II. Notification and Enforcement

A. Warning Letters to Non-Complying Employers

If the SFE Director, or his or her designee, determines that an employer may have violated or is not in compliance with the Ordinance, the SFE Director, or his or her designee, shall issue a written warning of the determination to the employer. The SFE Director, or his or her designee, shall give the employer at least ninety (90) calendar days from the date of notification to come into compliance.

1. Issuance of Warning. The SFE Director, or his or her designee, will first issue a written warning wherever it determines that a San Francisco employer has violated or is violating the Ordinance. The SFE Director, or his or her designee, shall serve the warning by either personal delivery or deposit in the United States Mail, first class, in a sealed envelope postage prepaid. Service shall include a declaration under penalty of perjury setting forth the date of personal delivery or, for service by mail, the date of deposit in the mail. Service by personal delivery shall be deemed complete on the date of the delivery. Service by mail shall be deemed complete on the date of deposit in the mail.
2. Contents of Warning. The warning shall include the following information:
 - a. The name of the employer to whom the warning is issued;
 - b. Identification of the provision of the Ordinance violated;
 - c. A description of the condition or circumstances constituting the violation, including the address or location and date of the violation; and,
 - d. The date the warning is issued and the name, address and signature of the SFE Director, or his or her designee.
3. Additional Warning. If an employer does not correct the violation during the ninety (90) day warning period or demonstrate to the SFE Director, or his or her designee, that the alleged violations did not occur or are otherwise unfounded, the SFE Director, or his or her designee, may, but is not required to, issue additional warnings and otherwise continue informal efforts to obtain compliance, at 30, 60 and 90 days after the initial warning. These supplemental warnings may, at the Director's discretion, be delivered by e-mail rather than United States mail.

B. Imposition of Sanctions or Referral

If the employer does not correct the violation during the ninety (90) day warning period, the SFE Director, or his or her designee, may, in his or her sole discretion, issue an administrative citation imposing the penalties and enforcement costs as provided by the Ordinance. The Director shall serve the citation as provided in Section II(A)(1), above.

The Director may also refer the violation to the District Attorney for possible criminal enforcement. Violation of the Ordinance may be punished as an infraction. If convicted, the violator may be punished by: (1) a fine not exceeding \$100.00 for a first violation; (2) a fine not exceeding \$200.00 for a second violation within the same year; and (3) a fine not exceeding \$500.00 for each additional violation within the same year.

C. Imposing Penalty by Administrative Citation.

The provisions of Chapter 100 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, as amended, shall govern the amount of administrative fines to be charged and the procedures for imposition, enforcement, collection, and administrative review of administrative citations issued to enforce the Commuter Benefits Ordinance. (A current copy of Chapter 100 is attached to this Rule for the reader's convenience.) For purposes of this Rule, "charging official" shall mean the SFE Director, or his or her designee, "violation" shall mean a violation of the Commuter Benefits Ordinance, and "violator" shall mean the cited employer.

The amount of the fine for violation of the Commuter Benefits Ordinance, to be set by the SFE Director, or his or her designee, and specified in the administrative citation, shall be (1) up to \$100.00 for a first violation of the ordinance; (2) up to \$200.00 for a second violation of the ordinance within one year of the date of the first violation; and (3) up to \$500.00 for each additional violation of the ordinance within one year of the date of a second or subsequent violation. It shall be SFE's policy not to issue an administrative citation for a second, third, or subsequent violation until at least 90 days have passed since the issuance of the preceding citation.

Interpretive Regulations and Guidelines

SFE adopts the following regulations and guidelines under the Ordinance, which authorizes the SFE Director, or his or her designee, to "promulgate rules and regulations to implement the [Commuter Benefits Ordinance]."

Rule 1. Covered employers shall provide information to the City regarding transportation benefits offered on an annual basis. Such information shall be provided on the Commuter Benefits Annual Compliance Reporting Form (Appendix A). The Commuter Benefits Annual Compliance Reporting Form may be completed online at CommuterBenefits.org.

Rule 2. Covered employers shall keep a signed copy of the Employer Waiver Form (see Appendix B) for every employee who waives participation in a commuter benefits program. Waivers must be kept for a period of four years from the date the employee signs the waiver form.

Rule 3. New San Francisco employers must establish a commuter benefits program within 90 days of registration with the City's Treasurer/Tax Collector.

Rule 4. For purposes of determining whether an employee whose work hours fluctuate from week to week is a covered employee under Environment Code Section 427(a)(3), eligibility will be determined based on the average number of hours worked per week during the applicable month. Employers may divide an employee's total hours worked in a month by four (4) weeks to obtain average weekly hours.

Melanie Nutter
Director
San Francisco Department of the Environment

San Francisco Administrative Code

Chapter 100: Procedures Governing The Imposition Of Administrative Fines

SEC. 100.1. FINDINGS AND SCOPE OF CHAPTER.

(a) The City and County of San Francisco (the "City") has a significant interest in encouraging compliance with its laws. To that end, City Codes often include a variety of remedies, including the right of City departments to issue citations to violators and to require such persons to pay an administrative fine.

(b) Moreover, the imposition of administrative fines is not intended to be punitive in nature, but is instead intended to compensate the public for the injury and damage caused by the prohibited conduct. The fines are intended to be reasonable and not disproportionate to the damage or injury to the City and the public caused by the prohibited conduct.

(c) To date, the City has not enacted an ordinance establishing standard procedures for the imposition, enforcement, collection, and administrative review of administrative citations and fines for violation of City ordinances. Rather, the Board has enacted a variety of ordinances authorizing administrative fines but has included separate procedures in each ordinance.

(d) The Board adopts this Chapter to provide standard procedures for the imposition, enforcement, collection, and administrative review of administrative citations and fines. However, the Board recognizes that these procedures may not be appropriate to use in whole or in part for all City ordinances. Therefore, this Chapter applies only to citation procedures set forth in an ordinance that incorporates this Chapter, subject to any exceptions provided in that ordinance.

(e) The procedures set forth in this Chapter are adopted pursuant to Government Code Section 53069.4 which governs the imposition, enforcement, collection, and administrative review of administrative citations and fines by local agencies, and pursuant to the City's home rule power over its municipal affairs.

(f) The determination by the City to impose, enforce, collect and provide administrative review of administrative fines pursuant to this Chapter is solely at the City's discretion and is only one option available to the City to seek redress for the violation of its ordinances. By adopting this Chapter, and subsequent legislation incorporating the procedures in this Chapter, the Board does not intend to limit the ability of the City to use any other remedy, civil or criminal, which may be available in a particular case. The City may use the procedures set forth in this Chapter as an alternative to, or in conjunction with, any other available remedy.

(g) In compliance with Government Code Section 53069.4(a)(2), if an ordinance pertains to building, plumbing, electrical, or other similar structural or zoning issues, the ordinance shall provide a reasonable period of time for a person responsible for a continuing violation of the ordinance to correct or otherwise remedy the violation prior to imposition of administrative fines, unless the violation creates an immediate danger to health or safety.

SEC. 100.2. DEFINITIONS.

The following definitions shall apply to this Chapter.

(a) "Charging official" means a City officer or employee with authority to enforce the ordinance for which citations may issue or a person designated by the charging official to act on his or her behalf.

(b) "Citation" means an administrative citation issued pursuant to this Chapter stating that the charging official has determined that there has been a violation of one or more provisions of a City ordinance, which ordinance incorporates this Chapter in whole or in part.

(c) "Controller" means the Controller for the City and County of San Francisco or a person designated by the Controller to act on his or her behalf.

(d) "Fine" means the dollar amount of the administrative fine that the person cited is required to pay for violation of an ordinance as set forth by the charging official in the citation.

(e) "Person" means a natural person, firm, association, organization, partnership, business trust, company, corporation, limited liability company, joint venture, or club, or its manager, lessee, agent, servant, officer or employee.

(f) "Serve" or "service" means either personal delivery or deposit in the United States Mail, first class, in a sealed envelope postage prepaid. Service shall include a declaration under penalty of perjury setting forth the date of personal delivery or, for service by mail, the date of deposit in the mail. Service by personal delivery shall be deemed complete on the date of the delivery. Service by mail shall be deemed complete on the date of deposit in the mail.

(g) "Violation" means a violation of an ordinance for which the charging official has authority to issue a citation.

SEC. 100.3. ISSUANCE AND SERVICE OF CITATIONS.

(a) (1) Whenever a charging official determines that a violation of an ordinance for which that official has enforcement authority has occurred, the charging official may issue and serve a citation on any person responsible for the violation.

(2) Where there is a nexus between the violation and real property located in the City as set forth in Section 100.4, the charging official may also provide notice of the citation to the owner of the real property as provided in Section 100.4. The City may not impose a lien on the property under Section 100.7(b) unless the charging official provides this notice.

(b) The citation shall contain the following information:

(1) The name of the person to whom the citation is issued;

(2) Identification of the provision or provisions of the ordinance violated. The charging official may issue a single citation for multiple violations of an ordinance or for violation of multiple provisions of an ordinance;

(3) A description of the condition or circumstances constituting the violation(s), including the address or location and date of the violation;

(4) The amount of the fine imposed for each violation;

(5) The date by which the fine must be paid, the procedure for making payment (including to whom payment must be made and acceptable forms of payment), and the consequences of the failure to pay;

(6) The right to seek administrative review of the citation by filing an appeal with the Controller within 30 days of the date that the citation is served and notice that the failure to appeal will make the issuance of the citation a final action by the City for which there is no further administrative review and no judicial review; and

(7) The date the citation is issued and the name and signature of the charging official.

(c) When serving a citation, the charging official shall also serve a form for appealing the citation pursuant to the procedure as set forth in Section 100.9. The form shall be prescribed by the Controller and shall include a description of the procedure for seeking administrative review of the citation, including the deadline for filing the appeal and the requirement in Section 100.9 that the person appealing either deposit the amount of the fine set forth in the citation or file an application for an advance deposit hardship waiver. The appeal form shall require the appellant to provide a mailing address, a street address, a telephone number, and any other contact information that the Controller determines appropriate. The failure by the charging official to serve the appeal form with the citation shall not invalidate the citation or require any change in the procedures provided in this Chapter.

SEC. 100.4. NOTICE TO OWNER OF REAL PROPERTY.

(a) Where there is a nexus between the violation and real property located in the City, the charging official may provide notice of the citation to the owner of the real property as set forth in this Subsection and that unpaid fines for the citations may become a lien on the property. If the charging official gives this notice, the official shall do so within three City business days of service of the notice on the person cited.

(1) Post one copy of the citation in a conspicuous place upon the building or real property.

(2) Serve one copy of the citation on each of the following:

(A) The person, if any, in real or apparent charge or control of the premises or property involved;

(B) The owner of record.

(b) When serving a copy of the citation as provided in Subsection (a)(2), the charging official shall include written notice of the following:

(1) That the owner of the property has the right to seek administrative review of the citation by filing an appeal with the Controller within 30 days of the date of service of the notice to the property owner.

(2) That the failure by all persons authorized to appeal the citation under this Chapter to file such an appeal will make the issuance of the citation a final action by the City as to all such persons, for which there is no further administrative review and no judicial review.

(c) For purposes of this Chapter, there is a nexus between a violation and real property where an activity or condition on the real property has caused, contributed to, or been a substantial factor in causing, the violation.

(d) The City may not impose a lien on the property under Section 100.7(b) unless the charging official provides notice to the property owner as set forth in this Section.

SEC. 100.5. DETERMINATION OF THE AMOUNT OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE FINE WHEN THE CITATION IS ISSUED.

(a) Unless the ordinance under which the citation is issued otherwise provides, the amount of the fine set by the charging official shall be governed by this Section:

(1) The amount of the fine for violation of an ordinance that also makes violation an infraction shall be (1) up to \$100.00 for a first violation of the ordinance; (2) up to \$200.00 for a second violation of the same ordinance within one year of the date of the first violation; and (3) up to \$500.00 for each additional violation of the same ordinance within one year of the date of a second or subsequent violation.

(2) The amount of the fine for violation of an ordinance that also makes violation a misdemeanor shall be up to \$1000.00.

(3) The amount of the fine for violation of an ordinance that does not provide for a criminal penalty shall be up to \$1000.00.

(4) In determining the amount of the fine, the charging official may take any or all of the following factors into consideration:

- (A) The duration of the violation;
- (B) The frequency, recurrence and number of violations by the same violator;
- (C) The seriousness of the violation;
- (D) The good faith efforts of the violator to correct the violation;
- (E) The economic impact of the fine on the violator;
- (F) The injury or damage, if any, suffered by any member of the public;
- (G) The impact of the violation on the community;
- (H) The amount of City staff time, which was, expended investigating or addressing the violation;
- (I) The amount of fines imposed by the charging official in similar situations;
- (J) Such other factors as justice may require.

SEC. 100.6. WHEN FINES DUE; PAYMENT OF FINE; LATE PAYMENT FEE; NOTICES BY CHARGING OFFICIAL.

(a) The citation shall set forth the date by which the fine is required to be paid, which date shall allow at least 30 days for payment from the date that the citation is served. The fine shall be due and payable on or before the date set forth in the citation, unless the person cited has filed a timely appeal in compliance with the requirements of Section 100.9.

(b) The due date for fines set forth in citations for which an appeal has been filed under Section 100.9 are due and payable on the date required under Sections 100.9(c)(2) and (d) and 100.14(b).

(c) Fines that remain unpaid 30 days after the due date shall be subject to a late payment penalty of 10 percent plus interest at the rate of 1 percent per month on the outstanding balance, which shall be added to the penalty amount from the date that payment is due.

(d) All fines and late payment fees shall be payable to the City and deposited in the City's general fund, unless the payment is made pursuant to an ordinance that provides otherwise.

(e) If the fine is unpaid by the date that it is due under this Chapter, the charging official shall serve notice within 30 days of the delinquency that fines not paid by the due date are subject to a late payment penalty as provided in Subsection (c). Where there is a nexus between the violation and real property against which the City may impose a lien for non-payment of the citation as provided in Section 100.7(b), the charging official may serve notice to the owner of such property that the person cited has not timely paid the citation and that the charging official may initiate proceedings to make the amount due and all additional authorized costs and charges, including attorneys fees, a lien on the property. If the charging official does not provide the notice set forth in this Subsection, the City may not impose a lien on the property under Section 100.7(b).

SEC. 100.7. REMEDIES AVAILABLE TO CITY FOR NON-PAYMENT OF FINES; LIENS.

(a) The amount of any fine not paid within the time required under this Chapter, including the amount of any applicable late payment charges, constitutes a debt to the City. The City may file a civil action or pursue any other legal remedy to collect such money. In any civil action to obtain payment of the fine, and any late payment penalties, the City shall be entitled to obtain a judgment for the amount of the unpaid fines and penalty payments and, in addition, for the costs and attorneys' fees incurred by the City in bringing any civil action to enforce the provisions of this Section.

(b) Where there is a nexus between the violation and real property located in the City as defined in Section 100.4(c), the charging official may initiate proceedings to make the payment amount due and all additional authorized costs and charges, including attorneys' fees, a lien on the property. Such liens shall be imposed in accordance with San Francisco Administrative Code Sections 10.230— 10.237, or any successor provisions. Before initiating lien proceedings, the charging official shall send a request for payment under San Francisco Administrative Code Section 10.230A.

SEC. 100.8. RIGHT TO APPEAL.

Any person who has been served with a citation, including property owners who receive notice of the citation under Section 100.4, may seek administrative review of the citation by filing an appeal with the Controller as provided in Section 100.9. The grounds for any such appeal shall be that there was no violation of the ordinance for which the citation was issued or that the person cited did not commit the violation.

SEC. 100.9. APPEAL PROCEDURE; APPOINTMENT OF HEARING OFFICER.

(a) Any person who seeks the administrative review of a citation may file an appeal no later than 30 days from the date of service of the citation. An appeal shall be deemed filed on the date that the Controller receives it. At the time that the appeal is filed, the appellant must either deposit with the Controller the full amount of the fine required under the citation or must file an application for an advance deposit hardship waiver, as set forth in Section 100.13. The Controller shall promptly send notice to the charging official of an appeal filed in compliance with this Subsection.

(b) The Controller shall take the following actions within 10 days of receiving an appeal filed with the deposit required in Subsection (a): (1) appoint a hearing officer, (2) set a date for the hearing, which date shall be no less than 10 and no more than 60 days from the date that the appeal was filed, and (3) send written notice of the hearing date to the appellant and the charging official.

(c) The Controller shall, within 10 days of receiving an appeal filed with an application for an advance deposit hardship waiver, determine whether to grant or deny the waiver, as set forth in Section 100.13.

(1) If the Controller grants the waiver, the Controller shall promptly (1) appoint a hearing officer, (2) set a date for the hearing, which date shall be no less than 10 and no more than 60 days from the date that the appeal was filed, and (3) send written notice of the hearing date to the appellant and the charging official.

(2) If the Controller denies the waiver, the Controller shall serve the determination on the applicant and the charging official and shall require the applicant to make the required deposit within 10 days from service of the notice. If the person fails to comply with the requirement within 10 days, the Controller shall consider the appeal withdrawn and shall serve written notice to the person who filed the appeal and to the charging official that the appeal has been withdrawn. Upon receiving notice of the withdrawn appeal, the charging official shall serve written notice on the person cited that the fine set forth in the citation is due and payable on or before the tenth day after service of the notice.

(d) Upon receiving an appeal that is filed without either the required deposit or an application for an advance deposit hardship waiver, the Controller shall provide written notice to the person who filed the appeal that such person must either make the deposit or file the waiver application. The Controller shall provide the person 10 days from service of the notice to comply. If the person fails to comply with the requirement within 10 days, the Controller shall consider the appeal withdrawn and shall serve written notice on the person who filed the appeal and the charging official that the appeal has been withdrawn. Upon receiving notice of the withdrawn appeal, the charging official shall serve written notice that the fine set forth in the citation is due and payable on or before the tenth day after service of the notice.

(e) If the person cited fails to pay the fine within the 10 days required under Subsections (c)(2) or (d), the charging official shall serve notice of the late payment penalty that will become due for fines that remain unpaid 30 days after the due date as provided in Section 100.6(c). Where there is a nexus between the violation and real property against which the City may impose a lien for non-payment of the citation as provided in Section 100.7(b), the charging official may serve a copy of this notice on the owner of the property and, if such notice is given, shall also provide notice that the charging official may initiate lien proceedings to make the amount due under the citation and all additional authorized costs and charges, including attorneys fees, a lien on the property. If the charging official does not provide the notice to the property owner required under this Subsection, the City may not impose a lien on the property under Section 100.7(b).

(f) When more than one person files an appeal of a citation, payment by any appellant shall satisfy the deposit requirement for all appellants.

(g) The provisions of this Section 100.9 requiring the Controller or Charging Official to act by a specific date are directory. The failure of the Controller or Charging Official to take action within the time specified shall not deprive that person of jurisdiction over the matter or of the right to take action at a later time, unless to do so would unreasonably prejudice persons issued citations. This Subsection 100.9(g) shall not apply to the requirements of this Section governing notice to the owners of real property where there is a nexus between the violation and the property as defined in Section 100.4(c).

SEC. 100.10. CHARGING OFFICIAL REQUIRED TO SUBMIT SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS.

Upon receiving notice that the Controller has scheduled a hearing on an appeal, the charging official shall, within three City business days, serve the appellant and the hearing officer with records, materials, photographs, and other evidence on which the charging official intends to rely at the hearing to support the citation. The charging official may serve this information at any earlier time; if the Controller has not yet appointed a hearing officer, the charging official may serve the information on the Controller, who shall provide it to the person appointed as hearing officer. If the charging official does not serve the information required under this Section within three City business days, the hearing officer may grant a request by the charging official to allow later service and may find good cause to continue the hearing because of the delayed service.

SEC. 100.11. HEARING PROCEDURES.

(a) The hearing officer shall conduct all appeal hearings under this Chapter and shall be responsible for deciding all matters relating to the hearing procedures not otherwise specified in this Chapter or in regulations adopted by the Controller. The charging official shall have the burden of proof in the hearing. The hearing officer may continue the hearing at his or her own initiative or at the request of either party. The hearing officer may request additional information from the charging official or the person cited.

(b) The hearing need not be conducted according to technical rules of evidence and witnesses. Any relevant evidence is admissible if it is the sort of evidence on which responsible persons are accustomed to rely in the conduct of serious affairs.

(c) The following provisions shall also apply to the appeal procedure:

(1) A citation that complies with the requirements of Section 100.3(b) and any additional evidence submitted by the charging official pursuant to Section 100.10 shall be prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein;

(2) The appellant shall be given the opportunity to present evidence concerning the citation; and

(3) The hearing officer may accept testimony by declaration under penalty of perjury relating to the citation from any party if he or she determines it appropriate to do so under the circumstances of the case.

SEC. 100.12. REQUIREMENT TO EXHAUST ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES.

(a) The failure of the person cited to take the actions set forth in Subsection (c) shall constitute a failure to exhaust administrative remedies and shall preclude the person cited from obtaining judicial review of the validity of the citation.

(b) Where there is a nexus between the violation for which a citation issued and real property as defined in Section 100.4(c), the failure of the owner of such property to take the actions set forth in Subsection (c) shall constitute a failure to exhaust administrative remedies and shall preclude the property owner from obtaining judicial review of the validity of the citation.

(c) This Section applies to the following:

(1) The failure to file an appeal within the time required by Section 100.9(a).

(2) The failure to file an application for a waiver of the deposit requirement within the time required by Section 100.9, unless another appellant has deposited the amount of the fine.

(3) The failure to complete the appeal by depositing the amount of the fine within the time required by Section 100.9, unless another appellant has done so.

SEC. 100.13. ADVANCE DEPOSIT HARDSHIP WAIVER - UNDUE HARDSHIP.

(a) Any person may seek a waiver from the deposit requirement set forth in Section 100.9(a).

(b) The person requesting a waiver shall file an application on a form prescribed by the Controller, with supporting materials, no later than 30 days from the date of service of the citation. The supporting materials shall include a declaration under penalty of perjury setting forth the circumstances demonstrating that the deposit requirement would impose an undue hardship on the applicant, as well as any documents or other information that the applicant wants the Controller to consider in support of the application for a waiver.

(c) The Controller shall determine within 10 days of receiving the application whether to grant or deny a waiver, setting forth the reason for the determination. The Controller shall serve the written determination on the applicant and the charging official. The Controller's written determination shall be a final administrative determination.

SEC. 100.14. DETERMINATION OF THE HEARING OFFICER.

(a) After considering all of the testimony and evidence submitted by the parties, the hearing officer shall issue a written decision upholding, modifying or vacating the citation and shall set forth the reasons for the determination. The determination of the hearing officer shall be a final administrative determination.

(b) If the hearing officer upholds the citation, the City shall retain the amount of the fine that the appellant deposited with the City. If no appellant has deposited the fine with the City, the hearing officer shall set forth in the decision a schedule for payment of the fine. The person cited shall pay the fine by the date or dates set forth in the hearing officer's schedule and the failure to do so shall result in the assessment of late payment fees as set forth in Section 100.6(c).

(c) If the hearing officer vacates the citation, the City shall promptly refund the deposit. If the hearing officer partially vacates the citation, the City shall promptly refund that amount of the deposit that corresponds to the hearing officer's determination. The refund shall include interest at the average rate earned on the City's portfolio for the period of time that the City held the deposit as determined by the Controller.

(d) The hearing officer shall serve the appellant and the charging official with a copy of the determination and notice of the right of the appellant to seek judicial review pursuant to California Government Code Section 53069.4.

(e) Absent good cause, the hearing officer shall hear multiple appeals of a citation at the same time.

SEC. 100.15. RIGHT TO JUDICIAL REVIEW.

(a) Any person aggrieved by the action of the hearing officer taken pursuant to this Chapter may obtain review of the administrative decision by filing a petition for review in accordance with the timelines and provisions set forth in California Government Code Section 53069.4.

(b) If a final order of a court of competent jurisdiction determines that the City has not properly imposed a fine pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter, and if the fine has been deposited with the City as required by Section 100.9, the City shall promptly refund the amount of the deposited fine, consistent with the court's determination, together with interest at the average rate earned on the City's portfolio for the period of time that the City held the fine amount as determined by the Controller.

SEC. 100.16. CONTROLLER MAY ADOPT REGULATIONS.

The Controller may adopt regulations governing the citation and hearing procedure set forth in this Chapter.

Appendix A – Compliance Reporting Form

San Francisco Commuter Benefits Ordinance 2013 Compliance Form

The Commuter Benefits Ordinance requires San Francisco businesses with 20 or more nationwide employees to offer one of the following benefits to their San Francisco employees:

1. A monthly pre-tax deduction, up to \$245/month, to pay for transit or vanpool expenses.
2. A monthly subsidy for transit or vanpool expenses equivalent to the value of the San Francisco Muni Fast Pass (including travel on BART), currently \$74/month.
3. Shuttle service on a company-funded bus or van between employee home and place of business.

All businesses subject to the Ordinance should fill out a Compliance Reporting Form by April 30, 2013.

Please complete form online at www.commuterbenefits.org, or submit completed paper form:

- By email to commuterbenefits@sfgov.org
- By fax to (415) 554-6393
- By mail to 1455 Market St., Suite 1200, San Francisco, CA 94103

If you have any other questions about the 2013 Compliance Reporting Form or need assistance complying with the Ordinance, please call (415) 355-3727 or email CommuteSmart@sfgov.org.

Required questions are marked with a *. Incomplete forms will not be accepted.

Employer Information	
Business Registration Certificate Number (Must be 6 digits):*	
Business Name:*	
Business Website:	
Business Street Address (Headquarters):*	
Business Suite/Floor (Headquarters):*	
Business City (Headquarters):*	
Business State/Province/Region(Headquarters):*	Business Zip Code (Headquarters):*
Nationwide Employee Count:*	
Contact Name:*	Contact Title:*
Contact Email:*	Contact Phone Number:*

Program Information	
This business is:*	
<input type="checkbox"/> Exempt from the Commuter Benefits Ordinance <input type="checkbox"/> Required to comply with the Commuter Benefits Ordinance	
My business offers Pre-Tax Transit/Vanpool Deductions:*	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
My business offers an Employer-Paid Subsidy for Transit/Vanpool:*	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
My business offers an Employer-Paid Subsidy for Bicycle Maintenance:*	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
My business offers an Employer-Paid Shuttle Service:*	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Did you start your commuter benefits program because of the Commuter Benefits Ordinance?*	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Is your commuter benefits program:*	<input type="checkbox"/> Company-Wide <input type="checkbox"/> Just in San Francisco
Did you begin offering your commuter benefits program company-wide because of the Ordinance?*	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Do you use a third-party vendor to help you administer your program?*	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
As of today, how many San Francisco employees are eligible for your commuter benefits program?*	
As of today, how many San Francisco employees are participating in your commuter benefits program?*	

Any additional information you would like to include:	
How were you notified to fill out the Compliance Reporting Form?*	
<input type="checkbox"/> Email from the Department of the Environment <input type="checkbox"/> Mailing about the Commuter Benefits and Healthcare Ordinances <input type="checkbox"/> By a colleague at my organization <input type="checkbox"/> Business association announcement <input type="checkbox"/> Social Media <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	
Would you like to be added to our email list to receive periodic updates on the Commuter Benefits Ordinance, transit changes, and other San Francisco transportation news?*	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Do you have any further questions about the Ordinance? Include your question(s) below and Department of the Environment staff will contact you.	

By signing this verification, I certify that the information on this Compliance Reporting Form is accurate and true to the best of my knowledge.

Signed by:	Date:
Signature:	

For more information on the Commuter Benefits Ordinance, please visit www.commuterbenefits.org or contact the San Francisco Department of the Environment at (415) 355-3727 or commuterbenefits@sfgov.org.

Appendix B – Voluntary Waiver Form

Employee Voluntary Waiver Form

Effective 2009, San Francisco law requires your employer to offer you a commuter benefit. A commuter benefit is a federally approved employer-provided incentive to reduce monthly commuting expenses. Employers may offer employees a:

- Pre-tax employee-paid payroll deduction
- Tax-free employer-paid subsidy
- Employer-provided transportation service, or
- Combination of the above

You have been asked to complete this Voluntary Waiver Form because you have opted not to participate in the commuter benefits program offered by your employer. While your employer is obligated to offer the program, participation is voluntary and you may choose to opt out of the program by completing a signed Voluntary Waiver Form each year.

You have the right to cancel or revoke this voluntary waiver at any time. You must notify your employer that you wish to revoke this waiver and complete the revocation section below. Your employer will be required to enroll you in the commuter benefits program at that time.

I hereby waive the right to the commuter benefits program offered by my employer.

Employee's Signature

Today's Date

Name of Employer: _____

Employee Address: _____

Employee Telephone No.: _____

If you have questions about your employer's obligations under the Commuter Benefits Ordinance, please call 415.355.3727 or visit www.sfenvironment.org/commuterbenefits

Complete this section ONLY if you wish to revoke this Voluntary Waiver Form that you have signed and provided to your employer. If you wish to waive participation in your employer's commuter benefits program, do NOT complete the portion below.

Revocation of Voluntary Waiver Form

I no longer wish to waive the right to participate in the commuter benefits program offered by my employer, pursuant to the San Francisco Commuter Benefits Ordinance.

Employee's Signature

Today's Date

Department of the Environment
1455 Market St. Suite 1200, San Francisco, CA 94103
sfenvironment.org/commuterbenefits
commuterbenefits@sfgov.org
(415) 355-3727